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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
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| 10/609,452 | 06/27/2003 | Tom Xiaohai He | AB-233U4 | 6610 |
| 23845 | 7590 | 04/12/2006 | EXAMINER | |
| ADVANCED BIONICS CORPORATION | | | KIM, PAUL D | |
| 25129 RYE CANYON ROAD | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| VALENCIA, CA 91355 | | | 3729 | |

DATE MAILED: 04/12/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
| | 10/609,452 | HE ET AL. |
| | Examiner Paul D. Kim | Art Unit 3729 |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 February 2006.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 15-27 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 15-20, 24 and 27 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) 21-23,25 and 26 is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

This office action is a response to the amendment filed on 2/2/2006.

Specification

1. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required:

The phrase "a multi-layer surface" as recited in line 4 of claim 15 does not describe in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
2. Claims 15-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The limitation "a multi-layer surface" as recited in line 4 of claim 15 renders the claim vague and indefinite. It is unclear as to what the multi-layer surface is meant and what the multi-layer surface is indicated. Is the multi-layer surface indicated like a surface having multi-layers? If it is, then it is still unclear how the surface has the multi-layers. Clarification is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 15, 19, 20 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Bates et al. (US PAT. 6,635,958).

Bates et al. teach a process of making an electronic module comprising steps of: providing an integrated circuit (20 including 18, integrated circuit die) wherein the integrated circuit comprises a top face and a bottom face; creating a multi-layer surface (26, 30) on the integrated circuit (18, 20), including creating a redistribution layer (26) comprising at least a layer of conductive redistribution material above at least some portions of the top face of the integrated circuit (18, 20), which redistribution layer is electrically connected to the integrated circuit and includes conductive traces (28), mounting pads (26), and interconnect pads (34) as shown in Figs. 1-3; using at least some of the traces to position at least some of the interconnect pads along at least one edge of the multi-layer surface as shown in Fig. 2; creating a layer of insulation (30) above at least some portions of the redistribution layer as shown in Figs. 2 and 3; mounting at least one secondary component (36) to at least one mounting pad; securing the integrated circuit to a substrate (40), which substrate includes electrical traces (44),

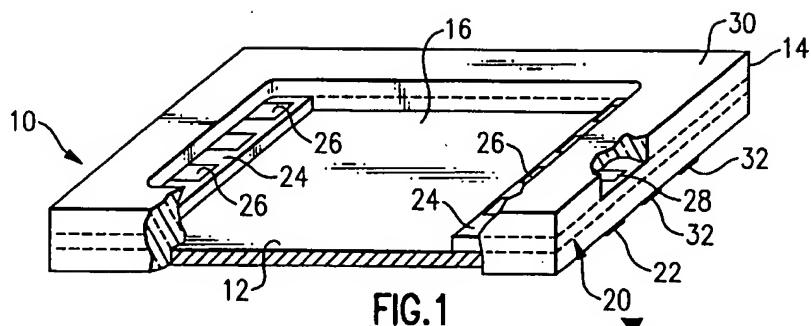


FIG. 1

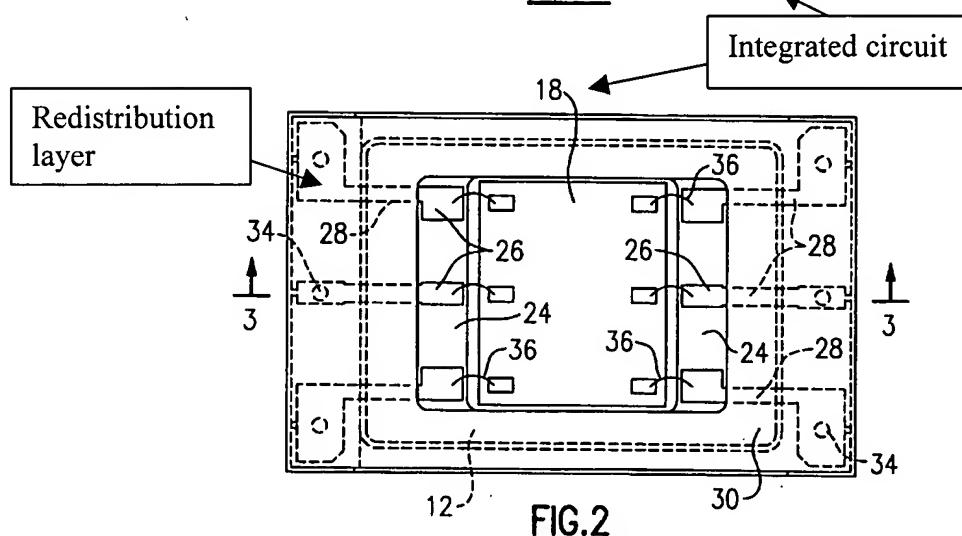
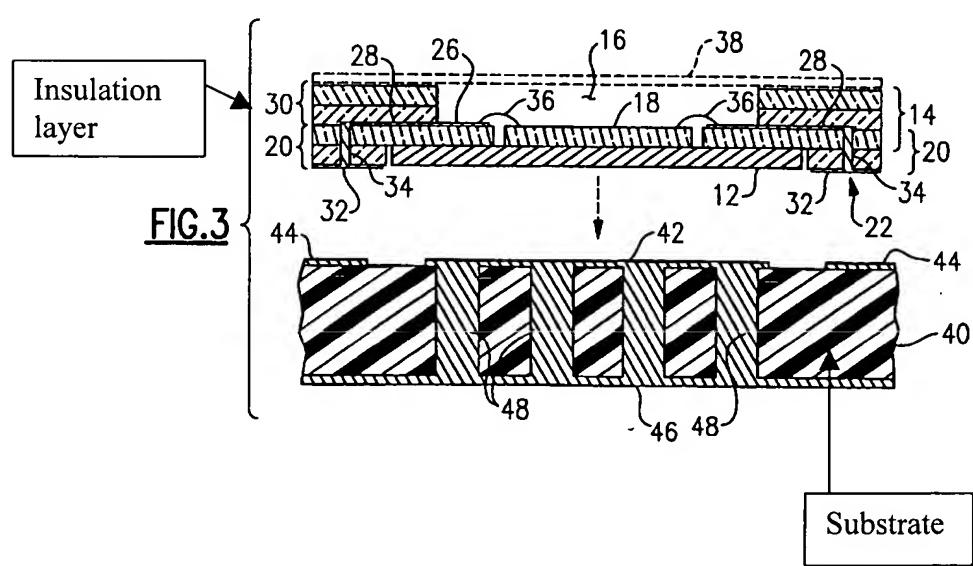


FIG.2



wherein at least one trace terminates along at least one edge of the substrate as shown in Fig. 3; and electrically connecting (by conductive vias 34) at least one interconnect pad (28) along at least one edge of the redistributed surface and at least one trace along at least one edge of the substrate, thereby electrically connecting the substrate to the integrated circuit as shown in Fig. 3 (see also col. 4, line 21 to col. 5, line 54).

As per claim 19 the at least one secondary component is a coil (equivalent with a wire).

As per claim 20 a first layer of insulation (30 such as an upper layer) on at least some portions of the top face of the integrated circuit as shown in Fig. 3.

As per claim 24 at least a layer of shielding material layer (38) is formed above at least some portions of the integrated circuit as shown in Fig. 3.

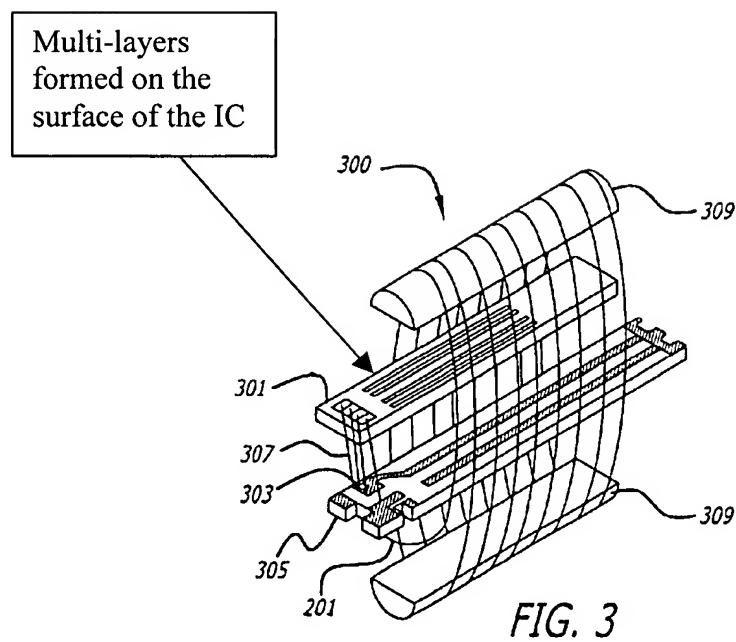
Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moore (US PAT. 6,889,087) in view of Lin (US PAT. 6,511,865).

Moore teaches a process of making an electronic module such as a microstimulator (as per claim 16) comprising steps of: providing an integrated circuit (301) wherein the integrated circuit comprises a top face and a bottom face; creating



a multi-layer surface on an integrated circuit (301), including creating a redistribution layer comprising at least a layer of conductive redistribution material above at least some portions of the top face of the integrated circuit, which redistribution layer is electrically connected to the integrated circuit and includes conductive traces, mounting pads, and interconnect pads as shown in Fig. 3; using at least some of the traces to position at least some of the interconnect pads along at least one edge of the multi-layer surface; mounting at least one secondary component to at least one mounting pad (307); securing the bottom surface of the integrated circuit to a substrate (305), which substrate includes electrical traces, wherein at least one trace terminates along at least one edge of the substrate; and electrically connecting at least one interconnect pad along at least one edge of the multi-layer surface and at least one trace along at least one edge of the substrate, thereby electrically connecting the substrate to the integrated circuit as shown in Fig. 3 (see also col. 4, line 66 to col. 6, line 7).

However, Moore fails to teach a process of creating a layer of insulation above at least some portions of the redistribution layer. Lin teaches a process of making an electronic module including a process of providing an insulative adhesive layer between a chip and a circuit in order to provide mechanical attachment with electrically insulating between the electronic components. Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify a process of fabricating electronic module of Moore by providing an insulative adhesive layer between the electronic components as taught by Lin in order to provide mechanical attachment with electrically insulating between the electronic components.

As per claim 17 Moore also teach a core (309) comprising two separate halves such that one core half is secured to the multi-layer surface of the integrated circuit and one core half is secured to a portion of the substrate and a wire (201) is wound around the core halves to create a coil assembly as shown in Fig. 3.

As per claim 18 At the time the invention was made, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the shape of the core halves as recited in the claimed invention because Applicant has not disclosed that the shape of the core halves as recited in the claimed invention provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with Moore because the shape of the core halves as recited in the claimed invention would perform equally well with Moore. Therefore, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the shape of the core halves of Moore to obtain the invention as specified in claim 18.

As per claim 19 the at least one secondary component is a coil (equivalent with a wire).

5. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moore in view of Lin, and further in view of Kohno et al. (US PAT. 6,358,762).

Moore, modified by Lin, teaches all of the limitations as set forth above except a post-processing on a wafer containing multiple integrated circuits. Kohno et al. teach a process of making an electronic module including a process of post-processing until the wafer is scribed into separate chips, which are sealed by resin (see also col. 1,lines 15-

20). Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify a process of fabricating electronic module of Moore, modified by Lin, by a post-processing as taught by Kohno et al. in order to separate the chips formed on the wafer.

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 21-23, 25 and 26 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 2/2/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that Bates et al. fail to teach the integrated circuit. Examiner traverses the argument that the integrated circuit (20) of Bates et al. comprises the integrated circuit die (18) and a ceramic base. In addition to that the integrated circuit (20) of Bates et al. performs equally well with the claimed invention such as electrically connect between electrodes. Also, there are no further structural differences of the integrated circuit between the claimed invention and Bates et al. Therefore, the integrated circuit (20) of Bates et al. teaches the claimed invention as set forth above. Applicant also argues that the prior art of record fails to disclose the claimed invention such as a multi-layer surface. As indicated above, it is confused what the multi-layer surface is meant. Even though applicant explained that one layer that

make up the multi-layers created on the top face of the integrated circuit, examiner disagrees with the argument that the multi-layer surface is not the same as one layer that make up the multi-layers. There is also no such description in the specification what the multi-layer surface is meant. Applicant also argues that the standard integrated circuit of Moore is not the same as the custom-design IC in the present application. Examiner traverses the argument that there are no such further structural differences of the integrated circuit between the claimed invention and Moore. What is the specific custom-design IC? Applicant also argues that the insulation layer of Lin does not provide same result as the layer of insulation of the claimed invention. Examiner traverses the argument that the insulation layer of Lin has a characteristic of bonding property and insulating property between the electronic components as indicated by the applicant. Also, the insulation layer as recited in the claimed invention is created above at least some portions of the redistribution layer, not consists of a top surface layer that covers the area that is not exposed by the interconnect pads or the mounting pad. The applicant's argument for the difference of the insulation characteristic between Lin and the present applicant is not persuasive that the insulation layer recited described in both Lin and the present applicant performs equally well such as insulating property between electrical components. Therefore, Moore in view of Lin is obvious to teach all of the limitations as set forth above.

Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul D. Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-4565. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday between 6:00 AM to 2:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Vo can be reached on 571-272-4690. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).



Paul D Kim
Examiner
Art Unit 3729